

B11005. HOUSEHOLDS BY PRESENCE OF PEOPLE UNDER 18 YEARS BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE -

Universe: HOUSEHOLDS

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).View the [collapsed version of this table](#). Geographies missing from this table are listed below the table.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	229,878	+/-2,779
Households with one or more people under 18 years:	90,661	+/-3,577
Family households:	89,134	+/-3,744
Married-couple family	59,084	+/-3,104
Other family:	30,050	+/-2,215
Male householder, no wife present	8,361	+/-1,286
Female householder, no husband present	21,689	+/-2,005
Nonfamily households:	1,527	+/-614
Male householder	1,085	+/-531
Female householder	442	+/-280
Households with no people under 18 years:	139,217	+/-3,709
Family households:	68,805	+/-3,402
Married-couple family	58,245	+/-3,118
Other family:	10,560	+/-1,643
Male householder, no wife present	4,187	+/-897
Female householder, no husband present	6,373	+/-1,180
Nonfamily households:	70,412	+/-3,537
Male householder	39,700	+/-2,493
Female householder	30,712	+/-2,152

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:[2006 Accuracy of the Data](#)